

# Factsheet

## Reichenauerstraße 94 a,b,c,d 6020 Innsbruck, Austria



## PROFILE

Name and address	Name of the demo site: NHT IN43		
	Address of the demo site:		
	Reichenauerstraße 94 a,b,c,d / IN 43, 6020 Innsbruck, Austria		
Мар	City map highlighting the surface occupied by the demo site		
	In I		
	Source: <u>http://city-map.innsbruck.gv.at</u>		
Description	NHT already finished the innovative overall building renovation,		
	consisting of the thermal renovation of walls (incl. loggias),		
	ceiling, roof and windows with triple-glazing. The central		
	ventilation system is also equipped with supply risers which		
	distribute the air to the apartments.		



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Ownership	NEUE HEIMAT TIRO	L (NHT)		
Gross conditioned floor area (EPC <sup>1</sup> )	5.484 m <sup>2</sup>	Treated floor a (TFA) (PHPP <sup>2</sup> )	area )	3,893 m²
Number of dwellings	60			
Heating	BEFORE RENOVATIO	ON	63,8	<b>2</b> kWh/m²*a
(EPC <sup>1</sup> )	TARGET/AFTER REN	OVATION	23,8	kWh/m²*a
	BEFORE RENOVATIO	ON	167	kWh/m²*a

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Energy Performance Certificate according to the Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering



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Heating demand (PHPP <sup>2</sup> )	TARGET/AFTER RENOVATION	<b>25</b> kWh/m²*a
Overall savings	Current state (before completion of ventilation & heating system)	> <b>60</b> %
	After completion of ventilation & heating system	<b>84</b> %

### 1 - DESCRIPTION BEFORE REFURBISHMENT

Detailed characteristics of building	All objects are patched via 1 long complex of buildings.
Plot map	Rechenauer Straße Rechenauer St

#### <sup>2</sup> Passive House Planning Package



	Source: Google
Building envelope	
	IN43 stock is a building block constructed in the second half of the 20th century with related challenges in regards to insulation, electric cables, low-performing windows, uninsulated roofs and cellars, etc.
Technical system	Decentralised heating system
Energy performance certificate	Category <b>C</b>
Other relevant technical aspects	Not applicable

## 2 - REFURBISHMENT CONCEPT



Concept	Thermal renovation of the walls, the ceiling, the roof and the windows with triple-glazing. The principle of "thermal bridge minimized design" was used to minimize the thermal bridge
Energy	<ul><li>the balconies.</li><li>The attics are insulated with a 32cm layer of highly effective</li></ul>
solutions	<ul> <li>giass wool</li> <li>The facade is additionally insulated with 18 cm of EPS</li> <li>The ceiling to the unheated basement is equipped with an additional 10cm layer of mineral wool</li> <li>Walls &amp; ceilings to the stairway and basement are equipped with 16 cm of XPS</li> <li>DHW and space heating are equipped with efficient, modern bio-gas driven gas-fired boilers with a condensing technology</li> <li>There is LED lighting in all public spaces</li> <li>The PV-system was installed as a full feed system, so that the generated energy feeds the public grid while the Austrian agency for green electricity complements the missing energy</li> </ul>
Performances targets	The goal is to achieve a calculated energy consumption per m <sup>2</sup> of total used energy per conditioned floor area of about 28,8 kWh/m <sup>2</sup> *a (Space heating and DHW).



Financing	The refurbishment is financed via a mix of reserves as well as
model	local/ regional/ national/ EU funding and includes an increase of
	the monthly rent.

Envelope details		
Roof to wall insertion section (thermal bridge)	<ul> <li>Insulation of the attic floor, U-value= 0.11 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)</li> </ul>	
Ground to wall section (thermal bridge)	<ul> <li>Additional thermal insulation of the lowest storey ceiling, U-value= 0.29 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)</li> </ul>	
Wall to fenestration section (thermal bridge)	<ul> <li>Main exterior wall: additional 18cm EPS insulation to the already existing 6cm cork insulation, U-value= 0.13 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)</li> <li>Exterior wall to loggias: due to space restriction, additional 8cm highly effective PUR (λ= 0,026[W/(mK)) insulation, U-value= 0.27 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K)</li> <li>Replacement of windows to achieve a thermal performance that is 70 % better</li> </ul>	

Technical system		
Mechanical ventilation	The distribution of air from the centrapartments is achieved via supply raprovided to the hallway. The exprinciple was monitored and meas prototype-flat prior by UIBK. Results VOC and humidity concentration. 24 already equipped with this ventilation	al ventilation system to the risers. The fresh air is only stended cascade-ventilation sured in a fully equipped were positive for low CO2, of the 60 apartments are system.
Thermal renewable integration	None	
Electric renewable integration	Based on a roofing contract with IKB the PV system has been integrated into the building:	
	Nominal power of PV IN 43: Mounting type: Elevation:	21 kWp; 140 m <sup>2</sup> Roof mounted parallel 574 m a.s.l.



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Tilt:	25°
Azimuth angle:	243°
Financial model:	full feed system with feed-
	in-tariff

## **3 - IMPLEMENTATION**

Stakeholders involved		
Contracting authority	NEUE HEIMAT TIROL Gemeinnützige WohnungsGmbH	
Project manager	Gerda Maria Embacher	
Architect	Arch. DI Gerald Gaigg, Innsbruck	
Envelope designer	Arch. DI Gerald Gaigg, Innsbruck	
Technical system designer	Alpsolar Klimadesign OG, Innsbruck Ing. Obwieser GmbH, Absam	
Construction company	KPS Ötztalputz GmbH, Ötztal Bahnhof	
Windows supplier	Akutherm Bauelemente GmbH, Innsbruck	
Safety supervisor	Arch. DI Karin Kopecky, Rum	
Carpenter	Huter & Söhne GmbH, Innsbruck	
Energy consultant, scientific support	University of Innsbruck and Passive House Institute – Department Innsbruck	



Costs and financing	
Refurbishment costs	Total investment of € 2,6 Mio.
Financial resources	See financing model above

Work progress	
Important points of refurbishment process and short description	The challenges during the refurbishment of residential buildings are complex and multi- layered. Financial and social aspects and challenges need to be considered, because the tenant has to co-finance some parts of the renovation, which requires the implementation of persuasion and tenant engagement activities. Furthermore, legal challenges also have to be solved. The most intensive persuasion is to be done in the field of nearly zero energy house renovation and especially in cases where tenants are living in the flats during the time of ventilation system installations and other intrusive renovation activities.
	Within SINFONIA, NHT has pushed the installation of controlled ventilation with heat recovery as extended cascade-ventilation principle in IN43. For the time being 40% of the building users have agreed to implement this measure. Further extension is expected according to the fluctuations of the building users and corresponding rental contracts with new tenants.



## 4 - DESCRIPTION AFTER REFURBISHMENT

Photo to show architectonic concept	<image/>
Envelope characteristics	See above
Technical system	See above
Renewable energy sources	Prognosis of the yearly yield: 21,806 kWh/a





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> According to the rules of the international Passive House Institute



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Energy Performance Certificate according to the Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering